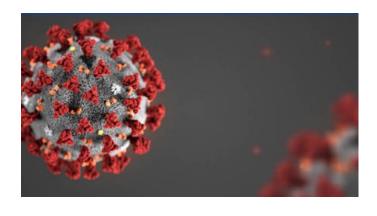
# Healthcare Provider COVID-19 Weekly Key Updates and Q&A Session

# Agenda

- Housekeeping
- Updates
  - Global, National, New York State
    - State PUI guidance
  - New York City
  - Clinical
  - Pandemic preparedness resources
  - Healthcare worker monitoring
  - Lab Testing
- Q&A



## Instructions for Q & A

- Please enter your questions in the chat box
- We will answer technical/logistical questions as they are received
- We will pick commonly asked questions from the chat box to discuss after the updates
- We may not be able to answer every question today, but questions will be used to guide next week's agenda

Thank you for your cooperation!

# **Upcoming Calls**

#### **Update: Future calls will be held from 1-2 PM**

Thursday, March 12

Thursday, March 19

Thursday, March 26

- Recordings will be posted on:
   <a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/diseases/communicable/coronavirus/providers.htm">https://www.health.ny.gov/diseases/communicable/coronavirus/providers.htm</a>
- If you are not receiving email invitations to the call series, please work with your Health Commerce System (HCS) site coordinator to receive notifications from the Integrated Health Alerting and Notification System (IHANS)

## Situation Summary: COVID-19 Global

https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/situation-reports

Elizabeth Dufort, MD FAAP

Medical Director, Division of Epidemiology

New York State Department of Health

- WHO Situation Report- as of March 4, 2020
  - Globally 93,090 cases confirmed, 80,422 in China
  - 76 countries outside China with cases, 12,668 confirmed cases outside China
  - 2984 deaths in China, 214 deaths outside of China

## **COVID-19 CDC Risk Assessment by Country**

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/travelers/index.html



China Level 3 Travel Notice	Iran Level 3 Travel Notice	
South Korea Level 3 Travel Notice	Italy Level 3 Travel Notice	
Japan Level 2 Travel Notice		
Includes Hong Kong Level 1 Travel Notice		

#### Risk Assessment Level for COVID-19

Widespread sustained transmission and restrictions on travel to the United States

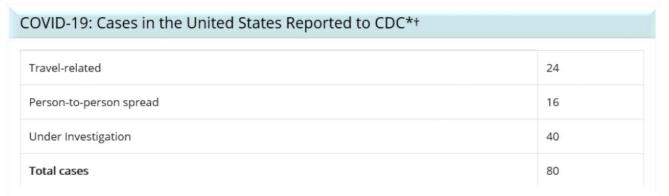
Widespread sustained (ongoing) transmission

Sustained (ongoing) community transmission

Risk of limited community transmission

#### Situation Summary: Covid-19 U.S. (March 4, 2020)

www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-in-us.html

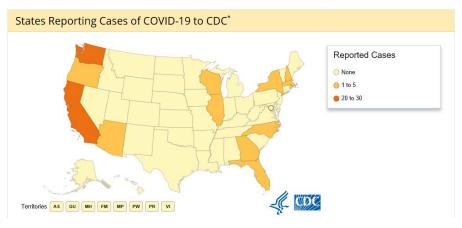


#### COVID-19: U.S. at a Glance\*

Total cases: 80

Total deaths: 9

States reporting cases: 13



## Situation Summary: COVID-19 New York State

www.health.ny.gov/diseases/communicable/coronavirus/

Data last updated 6:00pm March 4, 2020

Test Results	New York State (Outside of NYC)		Total Persons Under Investigation (PUI)
Positive Cases	10	1	
Negative Results	33	16	98
Pending Test Results	33	5	

# REVISED NYSDOH (3/5/20) Criteria to Guide Evaluation of Patients Under Investigation (PUI) for COVID-19

Clinical Features	AND	Epidemiologic Risk
Fever <sup>1</sup> <b>or</b> signs/symptoms of lower respiratory illness (e.g. cough or shortness of breath)	AND	Any person, including healthcare workers <sup>2</sup> , who has had close contact <sup>3</sup> with a laboratory-confirmed <sup>4</sup> COVID-19 patient within 14 days of symptom onset
Fever <sup>1</sup> <b>or</b> signs/symptoms of lower respiratory illness (e.g. cough or shortness of breath) <b>AND</b> negative results on a molecular respiratory viral panel (e.g., Biofire or equivalent) <sup>5</sup>		A history of travel from a geographic area for which a CDC LEVEL 2 or LEVEL 3  Travel Health Notice has been issued for COVID-19 (sustained or widespread community transmission) <sup>6</sup> (see below) within 14 days of symptom onset
Fever <sup>1</sup> <b>or</b> signs/symptoms of lower respiratory illness (e.g. cough or shortness of breath) <i>requiring hospitalization</i> <b>AND</b> negative results on a molecular respiratory viral panel (e.g., Biofire or equivalent) <sup>5</sup>	AND	A history of travel from a geographic area for which a CDC LEVEL 1 <u>Travel Health</u> Notice has been issued for COVID-19 <sup>6</sup> (see below) within 14 days of symptom onset
Fever <sup>1</sup> <b>AND</b> severe lower acute respiratory illness (e.g., pneumonia, ARDS) <i>requiring hospitalization</i> and without alternative explanatory diagnosis ( <u>e</u> .g., influenza, legionella, streptococcal pneumonia, fungal infections) <sup>7</sup>	AND	No source of exposure has been identified.
Clusters of epidemiologically linked individuals with fever <sup>1</sup> AND signs/symptoms of lower respiratory illness (e.g. cough or shortness of breath) AND negative results on a molecular respiratory viral panel (e.g., Biofire or equivalent) <sup>5</sup>	AND	Potential epidemiologic risk other than categories defined above (e.g., residence in a county with evidence of community-acquired COVID-19 but no known direct exposure) <sup>8</sup>

# **New York City Updates**

Joel Ackelsberg, MD, MPH
New York City Department of Health & Mental Hygiene

	NYC Residents	Non-NYC Residents*
Positive	3	1
Negative	24	1
Pending	6	0
Total	33	2

\*As of 10:30 AM. 3/5/20

- Check DOHMH website for frequent updates
  - Provider site: on.nyc.gov/covid19provider
  - Public site: nyc.gov/health/coronavirus

## NYC DOHMH Coronavirus Provider Webpage

https://www1.nyc.gov/site/doh/providers/health-topics/novel-respiratory-viruses.page



# 2019 Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) — Information for Providers

The City's response to the 2019 novel coronavirus (COVID-19) depends on health care providers staying up to date on the latest guidance for how to manage a possible infection and discuss the outbreak with patients. The information below can help you provide nimble, specifically tailored responses to the ongoing outbreak.

For more information about COVID-19, including common symptoms and an up-to-date case count in NYC, visit our **Coronavirus page**.

#### Clinician Guidance

- · Management of Patients Suspected to Have COVID-19 Infection
  - Interim Guidance (PDF, February 1)
  - Provider Checklist (PDF, January 31)

# **Clinical Updates**

 CDC Criteria to Guide Evaluation of Persons Under Investigation (PUI) for COVID-19 updated on 3/4/20

#### If a Person Under Investigation (PUI) is Identified

#### In New York City:

#### Notify the NYC DOHMH provider access line

1-866-NYC-DOH1 or 1-866-692-3641



works 24 hours/day x 7 days/week

#### In New York State:

#### **Notify your County Health Department**

Use link to find your County's phone number:

https://www.health.ny.gov/contact/contact\_information/

# Healthcare Worker Monitoring

Emily Lutterloh, MD, MPH
Director, Bureau of Healthcare-Associated Infections
New York State Department of Health

## **Pandemic Preparedness**

Mary Foote, MD, MPH
New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

# Prepare for patient surge and prevention of healthcare transmission of COVID-19

- Screening and isolation at points of entry
- Options to evaluate patients remotely
- Improving infection control policies and practices
- Patient placement: waiting areas, exam rooms, inpatient, ICU
- Visitor management
- Planning for staff shortages- illness, absenteeism
- Crisis care in resource limited settings
- Communication plans

## **Steps to Take Now**

- Review pandemic plans
- Review CDC and other public health guidance
- Occupational health and safety plans
  - Healthcare worker monitoring
- Assess PPE supplies and take steps to conserve
- EVS supplies and protocols
- Just in time trainings
- Drills and exercises
- Risk communication to patients, staff, families/visitors

## **Nursing Home Preparedness**

#### **Key Steps**

- Prevent the introduction of respiratory germs INTO your facility
- Prevent the spread of respiratory germs WITHIN your facility
- Prevent the spread of respiratory germs BETWEEN facilities

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/healthcare-facilities/prevent-spread-in-long-term-care-facilities.html

#### Stop Infection at the Door

#### ONE! TWO! THREE! FOUR! Stop Infection at the Door

Point of entry basics for front desk personnel: a four step process to manage potentially infectious visitors, volunteers, or other individuals who want to enter the nursing home.



- RECOGNIZE: Teach front desk staff how to identify potentially infectious visitors. Use signage such as a Cover Your Cough poster explaining people should wait to visit if they feel unwell.
- CONTAIN SECRETIONS: If a potentially infectious visitor chooses to remain, offer them a mask and tissues, and point out trash bins and hand sanitizer stations.
- SEPARATE: Try to place the potentially infectious person away from others in the waiting area.
- EVALUATE: Refer the visitor to the Nursing Supervisor for evaluation and education.

<u>DOHMH's Best Practices and Good Ideas for</u> <u>Infection Control in Nursing Homes</u>

## Preparedness Resources

- CDC resources for COVID-19 preparedness
   <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/healthcare-facilities/guidance-hcf.html">https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/healthcare-facilities/guidance-hcf.html</a>
- Actions for hospitals
   http://www.centerforhealthsecurity.org/cbn/2020/cbnreport-02272020.html
- ASPR resources for COVID-19 and pandemic planning <u>https://asprtracie.hhs.gov/technical-resources</u>
- CDC strategies for optimizing supply of N95 respirators.
   https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/respirator-supply-strategies.html
- NYC DOHMH toolkit for expanding resources in emergencies
   <u>https://www1.nyc.gov/site/doh/providers/emergency-prep/hospitals.page</u>

# **Lab Testing Updates**

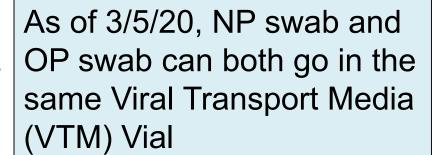
Jennifer Rakeman, PhD
Asst. Commissioner/Lab Director, Public Health Laboratory
New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

Jill Taylor, PhD
Director, Wadsworth Center
New York State Department of Health

- On February 29, the NYSDOH Wadsworth Center Laboratory received FDA emergency use authorization to test specimens for COVID-19
- This will result in more timely results for patient management and public health action in NYS
- On March 2, the NYC DOHMH PHL began to test as well
- Commercial testing may be available soon

#### **Laboratory Testing for COVID-19 at Wadsworth**

- Nasopharyngeal (NP) swab
- Oropharyngeal (OP) swab
- Sputum specimen, if available
- Easier and allows for greater testing capacity at WC lab







# Questions?